

Topic: Unit 7 – Multiplication and Division		Duration: 16 lessons	Composite:
Key vocabulary:	<b>Powerful knowledge components</b>	<b>Core knowledge Components</b>	<b>Links to previous and future topics</b>
Multiply Divide Powers Integers Decimals Order of operations	<p><b>I know that:</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>•multiplication is repeated addition</li> <li>• the decimal point always sits between the units and tenths column</li> </ul> <p><b>I know how:</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• to use bar models and arrays to explain properties of multiplication and division</li> <li>•to test methods for efficient multiplying and dividing</li> <li>•to multiply by powers of 10 using place value charts</li> <li>•to use grid method to multiply integers</li> <li>•to use column method to multiply integers</li> <li>•to use order of operations to complete calculations</li> </ul>	<p><b>I know that:</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• multiplying by 0.1 is the same as dividing by 10 and multiplying by 0.01 is the same as dividing by 100</li> </ul> <p><b>I know how:</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>•to complete Venn diagrams for factors of numbers and find the Highest Common Factor for two numbers using the diagram</li> <li>•to find multiples of numbers and solve problems</li> <li>•to explain reasoning using examples as evidence</li> <li>•to use multiplication and division by powers of 10 to convert between units of measurement</li> <li>•to use mental and written strategies for division</li> <li>•to multiply decimals by 10 to make them easier to multiply and divide</li> <li>•to use mental and written strategies for division, including decimals</li> <li>•to use mental and written strategies for division</li> <li>•to use multiplication when creating sequences</li> <li>•to apply knowledge to a variety of problems in contexts such as area and averages</li> <li>•to use multiplication and division with algebra</li> </ul>	<p>Previous: Column method</p> <p>Various mental strategies</p> <p>Simple money problems</p> <p>Simple problem involving length</p>

Impressive reading	Impressive speaking	Impressive writing	Resilience	Employability via:
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Read out loud</li> <li>• Selective mutism – Peer support or 1:1 teacher support.</li> <li>• Reading Word problems.</li> <li>• Identifying key information from text.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Speak out loud</li> <li>• Selective mutism – 1:1 peer support/small group. Picture cards.</li> <li>• Explain what a expression/equation or inequality etc is.</li> <li>• Using topic specific vocabulary when reasoning about answers and proofs.</li> <li>• Taking part in group discussions for investigations.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Famous Mathematician - historical review.</li> <li>• Use key vocabulary in explanations and reasoning.</li> <li>• Explain, in words, the meaning of equation, inequality, expression, substitution etc.</li> </ul>	<p>Compare methods.            Did you use the same approach?            Did your partner discover a better approach than yours?            What strategies can you use to when substituting in a value?            Is there a more efficient method?            Can you find a pattern?            Can you prove the hypothesis?</p>	<p>Raise students' awareness of their problem-solving strategies and to encourage them to critique them in an effort to develop better strategies.            Use of work-related problems in worded questions.            Functional maths skills for everyday life, including the workplace.</p>

### SEND

- Visually impaired check resources have correct paper, colour and font size.
- Key vocabulary introduced using precision teaching prior to a new topic. Can be shared via printed documents or Google classroom.
- Repetition of key vocabulary regularly throughout lessons, especially equation, expression, simplify, like terms, inequalities, substitute
- Adjust language and speed of explanation when needed.
- Allow more processing time for solving problems both verbal and written where needed. Lesson notes can be shared through Google classroom both before and after lessons.
- Repetition – start each lesson with knowledge recall based questions.
- Praise and reward for effort and engagement.
- Demonstrate and model mathematic problems. Students can take photographs for recording modelling or printed copies given.
- Multi-sensory- kinaesthetic learning created so that pupils can move the maths learning around – dienes, counters, Cuisenaire rods, etc.
- Technology use of interactive white boards to demonstrate methods – Sites such as Mathsframe, Mathswatch (clips: 7, 33, 36, 93, 95, 137) can be used to reinforce skills.
- Cultural capital – Mathematician of the week, link questions to local area, such as shopping calculations, sharing a bill, calculating project costs, planning an event

- Share exemplar work on Google Classroom.

<b>Topic: Unit 8 – Fractions and Percentages of Amounts</b>		<b>Duration: 5 lessons</b>	<b>Composite:</b>
<b>Key vocabulary:</b>	<b>Powerful knowledge components</b>	<b>Core knowledge Components</b>	<b>Links to previous and future topics</b>
Fraction Percentage Bar model Whole	<p><b>I know that:</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>the denominator tells us how many parts the whole has been dividing up into</li> </ul> <p><b>I know how:</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>to find a percentage of an amount</li> <li>to use mental methods to find percentages of amounts</li> <li>to use a calculator to solve fraction problems</li> <li>to find equivalent fractions and percentages</li> </ul>	<p><b>I know that:</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>percentages are always out of 100 parts</li> </ul> <p><b>I know how:</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>to use bar models to show percentages of amounts</li> <li>to use known multiplication and division facts to find unit and non-unit fractions of amounts</li> <li>to solve problems involving finding fractions and percentages of amounts, giving evidence and reasoning for answers and decisions</li> <li>to find the whole when given a fraction of the whole – use bar models to demonstrate</li> <li>to complete balancing equations for fractions of amounts</li> <li>to use algebra when calculating with fractions and percentages</li> <li>to find fractions and percentages greater than 1 whole</li> </ul>	<p>Previous:</p> <p>Find 10% and 1% of an amount</p> <p>Find unit fractions of amounts</p>

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Topic: Unit 9 – Directed Numbers		Duration: 14 lessons	Composite:
Key vocabulary:	Powerful knowledge components	Core knowledge Components	Links to previous and future topics
Directed number Negative Positive Product Add Subtract Multiply Subtract	<p><b>I know that:</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>directed numbers involves direction travelled on number lines, including negative numbers</li> </ul> <p><b>I know how:</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>to represent directed numbers using place value counters, number lines and temperatures scales</li> <li>to use place value counters to calculate with directed numbers</li> <li>to complete sequences using directed numbers</li> <li>to use number lines to solve calculations across zero</li> <li>Confidently add, subtract, multiply and divide with directed numbers</li> </ul>	<p><b>I know that:</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>negative numbers are less than zero</li> <li>adding a negative number to a positive number, results in a negative step</li> <li>subtracting a negative number from a negative number, results in a negative step</li> <li>adding a positive number to a negative number, results in a positive step</li> <li>multiplying a negative number by a positive number, results in a negative product</li> <li>multiplying a negative number by a negative number, results in a positive product</li> <li>dividing by a negative number or dividing a negative number by a positive, results in a negative answer</li> <li>dividing a negative number by a negative number, results in a positive answer</li> </ul> <p><b>I know how:</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>to add and subtract directed numbers</li> <li>To multiply and divide with directed numbers</li> <li>use a calculator to solve directed number calculations</li> <li>to simplify algebraic expressions using directed numbers</li> <li>to solve simple two-step equations with directed numbers</li> <li>to solve problems involving directed numbers</li> </ul>	<p>Previous:</p> <p>Add and subtract on a number line</p> <p>Use number lines to add from a negative number</p> <p>Future:</p> <p>Solve more complex two-step equations using directed numbers</p>

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- Repetition – start each lesson with knowledge recall based questions.
- Praise and reward for effort and engagement.
- Demonstrate and model mathematic problems. Students can take photographs for recording modelling or printed copies given.
- Multi-sensory- kinaesthetic learning created so that pupils can move the maths learning around – dienes, counters, Cuisenaire rods, etc.
- Technology use of interactive white boards to demonstrate methods – Sites such as Mathsframe, Mathswatch (clips: 7, 33, 36, 93, 95, 137) can be used to reinforce skills.
- Cultural capital – Mathematician of the week, link questions to local area, such as shopping calculations, sharing a bill, calculating project costs, planning an event
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Topic: Unit 10 – Addition & Subtraction of Fractions		Duration: 12 lessons	Composite:
Key vocabulary:	Powerful knowledge components	Core knowledge Components	Links to previous and future topics
Fraction Numerator Denominator	<p><b>I know that:</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>fractions are parts of a whole</li> <li>Fractions can be represented in a variety of ways</li> <li>fractions have to have the same denominator in order to be added or subtracted</li> </ul> <p><b>I know how:</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>to represent fractions in different ways, e.g. shapes, grids and number lines</li> <li>convert between mixed numbers and improper fractions</li> <li>add fractions with the same denominator</li> <li>represent equivalent fractions with bar models and shapes</li> <li>add and subtract any fractions, including mixed numbers</li> </ul>	<p><b>I know that:</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a fraction where the numerator and denominator are the same, is a whole e.g. <math>4/4 = 1</math></li> </ul> <p><b>I know how:</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>to draw representations of improper fractions</li> <li>show mixed numbers and improper fractions on a number line</li> <li>recognise and find equivalent fractions for mixed numbers and improper fractions</li> <li>Use knowledge about fractions to reason and explain with fraction problems</li> <li>add and subtract fractions from integers</li> <li>find a simple, shared common multiple</li> <li>Add and subtract unit and non-unit fractions with different denominators</li> <li>add and subtract mixed numbers</li> <li>solve simple equations involving fractions</li> <li>complete sequences involving fractions</li> <li>solve more complex equations involving fractions</li> </ul>	<p>Previous:</p> <p>Find equivalent fractions using a fraction wall and fraction tiles</p> <p>Adding fractions with the same denominator</p> <p>Finding common multiples</p> <p>Future:</p> <p>Solving more complex algebraic fractions</p>

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